A New Way to Manipulate a Skyrmion Crystal

Researchers control the rotation of a periodic array of magnetic quasiparticles by illuminating the system with a series of precisely timed polarized laser pulses.

By Chris Gorski

Skyrmions, tiny swirls of magnetic polarization, hold promise for storing information. For that, researchers need to be able to control the swirling of these magnetic quasiparticles. Existing methods for manipulating the rotation of skyrmions involve heating the quasiparticles with a focused electron beam until their spins start moving. But such methods use substantial energy, can melt the crystal, and cannot easily control spin rotation, particularly at the timescales relevant for information storage. Now Phoebe Tengdin at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Lausanne (EPFL) and colleagues have demonstrated a method for fast, coherent control of the spin of an array of skyrmions [1].

Tengdin and her colleagues identified and exploited the ability of circularly polarized, femtosecond laser pulses to excite skyrmions. They illuminated a skyrmion crystal—a periodic array of the quasiparticles—with pulses from two oppositely polarized femtosecond lasers, varying the length of time between the pulses.

The team demonstrated that they could rotate the skyrmions such that the spins all moved in a single direction. They observed that when the laser pulses were offset by a few hundred picoseconds, the skyrmions’ spins rotated about 6 orders of magnitude faster than seen with other methods. They also found that the use of the lasers provided more fine-tuned control over spin rotation speed and direction. Tengdin says that refinements to the technique could allow them to manipulate other components of skyrmion motion and further fine-tune control over systems containing these quasiparticles.

Chris Gorski is a freelance science writer based in College Park, Maryland.

REFERENCES